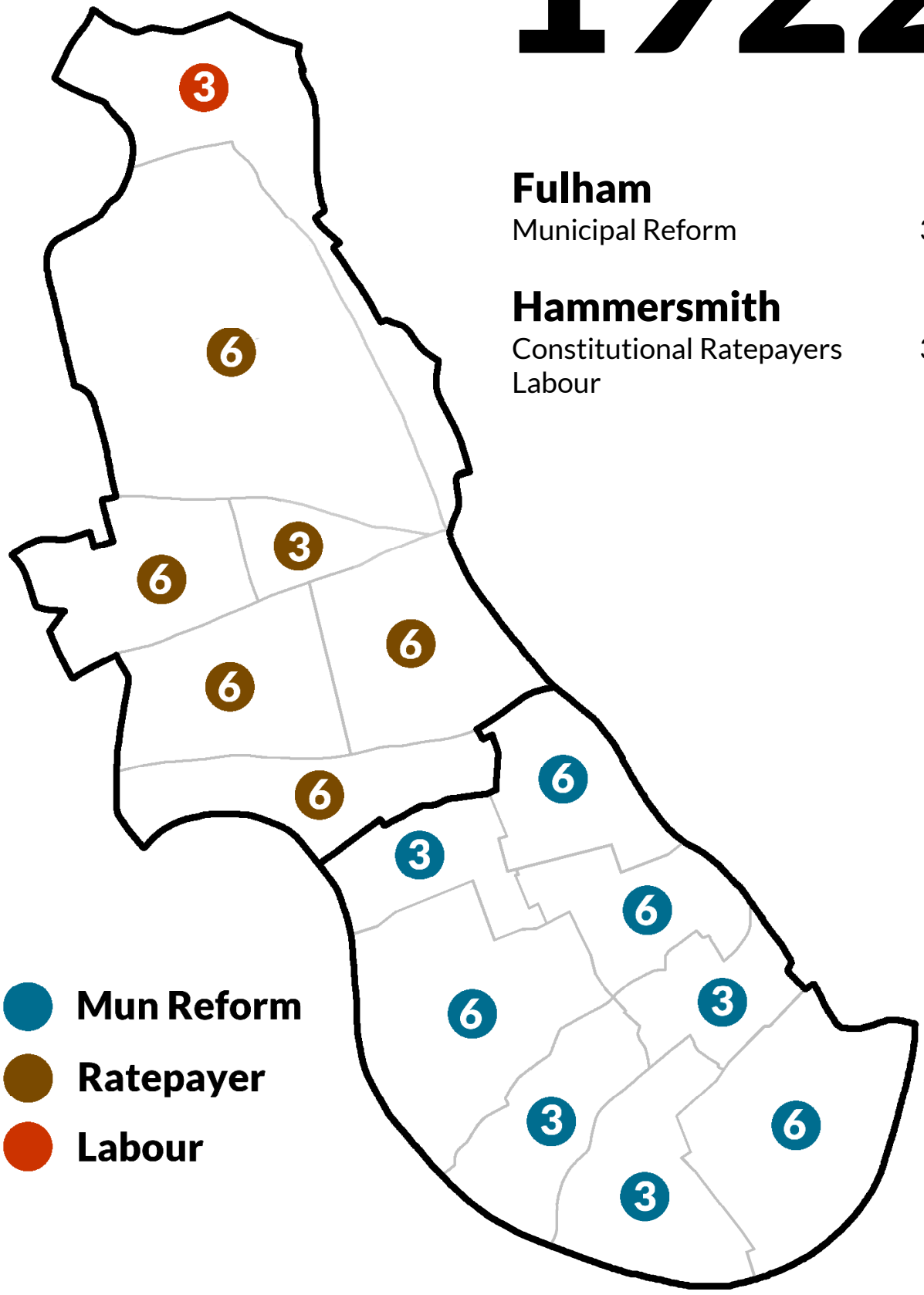
1922



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The Fulham Chronicle
Friday November 3, 1922

Fulham Council

Labour's heavy defeat

The Fulham Labour Party had tremendous odds against them on Wednesday in their brave fight to maintain the superior position they occupied on the old council, on which they held 27 seats against the Municipal Reformers' 15. New elements this year entered the fray, consisting of non-party candidates and Progressives, which split up the voting.

The result of the voting on Wednesday was a surprising defeat of Labour, and a clear victory for the MRs, who returned the whole of their candidates.

The new council will therefore be wholly composed of Municipal Reformers, with the exception of the three Labour Aldermen - Messrs Gentry, Palmer and Terry.

Mr Corbin (MR) polled the highest vote (3,437) during the election and the honour of polling the highest Labour vote (2,298), although defeated, fell to Mr Goodwill, both being candidates in Munster ward.

Very few incidents of outstanding importance characterised the progress of the poll. The electors polled in steadily all day, as mush as ten per cent being recorded by tea time in Walham ward.

Baron's Court showed a better proportion but Sands End was rather quiet until after tea, when the artisan population came up strongly. During the day polling was on the quiet side in Munster ward, but Lillie ward showed activity.

The Municipal Reformers, for some reason, were convinced that the wet and dismal weather which prevailed up to tea time favoured Labour's chances more than theirs, the impression being that working men, having already experienced the discomforts, would poll on their way home whereas those more fortunately placed who were not compelled to go to work, would hug the fireside and ignore the polling booth.

In Sands End, Baron's Court and Lillie wards, it was noticeable that the women were polling exceedingly well.

In Baron's Court a special point was made of getting invalids to the poll. Voluntary workers, from the Citizens' Union, headed by Miss Marjorie Hodges, daughter of one of the MR candidates, were very active in this department and rendered valuable assistance all day.

Both in Lille and Baron's Court wards Labour was at a disadvantage in the matter of motor cars, but there were some earnest workers who rallied the Labour forces at night, thus doing something to reduce the advantage which the M.R.s had in the use of several motors for bringing up voters.

In several instances at committee rooms in East Fulham it was necessary to inform callers that they could not vote for absent relatives on the register.

In one of the central wards of the town, complaint was made by one of the MR candidates that a lady worker for one of his opponents was advising voters how to vote as they were on the threshold of the polling booths.

Motorcars bearing the Labour colours were conspicuous by their absence but the Progressives in Sands End ward had the assistance of six motors to about a dozen for the M.R.s.

The Progressives' committee room in Wandsworth Bridge Road boasted a comical picture gallery of their candidates, a friendly wag having sent cartoons of the gentlemen with party mottoes annexed. The aspiring Webster had allowed his pen to be very free with the features, but he had not forgotten to locate the "beavers".

The question of rates and rents had been predominant among the issues raised. Labour have a good story to tell here. They point out that during the past three years large amounts of arrears of work have had to be made up and state the following points:

The neglect by Municipal Reform has had to be made good at a time when costs were at their highest point. In many instances we have had to face the determined opposition of the Municipal Reformers, who have not scrupled to make narrow party advantage out of the borough's difficulties.

And, had we given way, they - the Municipal Reformers - would have allowed the ratepayers' money to have been squandered on contractors, involving still higher rates.

The ratepayers are now reaping the advantages of Labour's careful administration during the past three years by three successive reductions in rates, making a total reduction in the past eighteen months of 2s. 6d. per half year.

This will entitle the occupier of a flat or basement rated at £13, to a reduction of nearly 1s. 2d. per week in gross rent. In fact, the rates for Borough Council purposes are actually less than when we were elected. The whole of the increases are called for by outside bodies controlled by Municipal Reformers.

The Labour Party also point with pride to improvements in Bishop's Park, the recreation ground, the public libraries, the roads and dust collection, pointing out in regard to the latter that in one year the number of complaints was reduced from 300 to 30. They declare:

"The Municipal Reformers' white elephant, known as the Refuse Sorting Plant, which cost the ratepayers £4,194, accomplished nothing: we have therefore scrapped it as continued use would have resulted in further expense. It was a monument to Municipal Reform incompetence"

Among other reforms they claim credit for improvements at the electricity plant, the destruction of rings and combines in supplies, the better sanitation of the borough as a result of house-to-house inspections, and the attention given to child welfare, public baths and mechanical washing. They drew attention to the benefits to the town as a result of direct labour under trade union rules.

The M.R.s entered into this controversy over the rates very vigorously. Pointing to the "muddled finance of the Labour-Socialist Party" they gave the following illustration:

Year ending 31st March, 1921, the Labour Socialists estimated for Borough Council purpose only £152,751; Supplementary Estimates passed during the year amounted to £26,591; total £179,342. The actual expenditure exceeded the original estimates by £42,544.

For the year ending 31st March 1922 the estimates for Borough Council purposes were £227,226 (being £74,475 in excess of the estimates for the preceding year): an increase of nearly 50%. The actual expenditure during the year was £192,923. Therefore the estimates exceeded the expenditure by £34,303. This sum had therefore been levied upon the ratepayers in excess of requirements - approaching a nine penny Rate.

The Municipal Reform Party made unsuccessful attempts to prevent this mismanagement and proposed a Rate of 8s. 2d. in the £, instead of the 8s. 7d. levied. As a consequence of the action of the Labour-Socialists' majority in levying the above excessive Rate, there was a balance on the General Rate Account on 31st March, 1922, of £56,156.

Of this balance, £31,119 was used as revenue for the half year ending 30th September 1922 - an eight penny Rate. The remainder of the balance, £25,037, has been voted to the Revenue Account for the half year ending March 31st, 1923, together with £4,000 from the Electricity Undertaking - more than a seven penny Rate.

For the year ending 31st March, 1923, the Estimated Expenditure for Borough Council purposes only is £191,844, practically the same as the actual expenditure in the preceding year.

During the current half year the Outside Authorities have decreased their demands by 5 3/4 d. in the £ but the Labour Socialists on the Council have increased their demands by 3/4 d. in the £.

This is in spite of the use for the year of the balance of £56,156 and £4,000 from the Electricity Undertaking - equal to a Rate of 1s. 3d in the £.

The debt has been increased from £336,963 on the 31st March 1920, to about £350,000 on the 31st March 1922.

In addition, sanction has been given to raise loans approaching £80,000, by which the debt will be further increased, and more capital expenditure is now being incurred.

One of the local hits by Labour was furnished in a special leaflet as follows:

Municipal Reform means more rent. Remember that the Coalition Government raised your rent by Acts of Parliament! When Labour members on the Fulham Borough Council demanded reductions, the Municipal Reformers opposed it. See the division list - vote Labour. Keep out the landlords' men!

In reply to the MR leaflet about the local rates the Labour Party issued the following:

	s.	d.
The last half year rate levied by the Municipal Reformers for Borough Council purposes in 1919was...	1	2.65
The last half year rate levied by the Municipal Reformers for Borough Council purposes in 1922 was...	1	1.85

A decrease of over 3/4 d.

Not an increase, as you have been told on Municipal Reform leaflets.

During the same period the rates levied by outside bodies have increased from 4s. 0.35d. to 4s. 11.15d. or by 10 3/4 d!

The Municipal Reformers voted against the Labour Party's proposal for lower rents on May 31st. The baths and wash-house extension scheme was also opposed by the MR party on October 11th. House-to-house inspection was likewise opposed on January 28th 1920. The M.R.s actually opposed the last reduction of 6d.

A pointed retort to this was made by the M.R.s in another leaflet, which stated:

The bulk of the rate is not fixed by the borough itself but by the precepting authorities: the LCC, the Guardians, the Water Board and the Metropolitan Asylums Board. Only about one-third of the rate is levied by the borough for its own uses. Where, then, does Fulham save its 5d.? Does it save it on its own account or is it saved for it by the outside authorities.

The demands of the precepting authorities are down in Fulham by £19,427 - or the equivalent of a rate of 5 3/4 d. Since then the borough has only reduced the rate by 5d. It means that it has really added to its own expenditure the product of a 3/4 d. rate. That is, while the Labour Council are taking credit for having reduced their expenditure they have really increased it - and all the credit of reduction has to go to outside bodies on which there is not a Labour majority.

The M.R.s in Sands End ward imported a humorous element into the fray. They had a sandwich board man wearing false whiskers out parading the one word: "Beaver!"

On the other side of the placards were the usual appeals to vote for the M.R.s. The "Beaver" was merely to attract attention.

A handbill also proclaimed "Beaver!" on one side and on the other was the following hit against the Progressive candidates' rate figures: Don't be misled. The Progressives in their election address for Sands End are comparing their figures of 16 years ago against the requirements of today.

An exciting side issue in Sands End ward concerned the nationality of Mr Van den Burgh, one of the MR candidates.

A leaflet from the MR committee room stated:

On the other side of the leaflet appeared a certified copy of Mr Van den Bergh's birth certificate, given at the General Register Office, Somerset House, showing that he was born on April 23rd 1888, at 10 Strathray Gardens, Belsize Park, and was registered at Hampstead the following month.

The non-political candidates were very prominent. Mr Turney and Miss Fulford had the assistance of a motor car. They made a point of bringing to the polling booth the disabled ex-soldiers from the War Seal Mansions, where about 120 men and women have votes, several of the men came in stretchers, and on arrival at the polling booth were carefully handled by Mr Armfield and Mr Turney, both of whom are practiced Red Cross men.

Number of electors

The number of voters on the new register for Fulham for municipal elections, excluding those on the absent voters' list, is 67,054. Of these, 32,487 are men and 34,567 women, showing a majority of women voters of 2,080. The details of the various wards are:

East Fulham

Baron's Court ward:
Men 2,292, women 3,093
Total: 5,385

Lillie ward:
Men 5,059, women 5,345
Total 10,404

Walham ward:
Men 2,695, women 2,780
Total 5,455

Sands End ward:
Men 5,431, women 5,618
Total 11,049

Grand totals for East Fulham:
Men 15,577; women 16,716
Total 32,293

There are 376 electors on the East Fulham absent voters' list.

West Fulham

Margravine ward:
Men 3,684, women 3,761
Total 7,445

Munster ward:
Men 8,114, women 8,345
Total 16,479

Town ward:
Men 3,040, women 3,468
Total 6,508

Hurlingham ward:
Men 2,072, women 2,257

Grand totals for West Fulham:
Men 16,910, women 17,851
Total 34,761

There are 325 electors on the West Fulham absent voters' list.

Parties on the late council

The political representation in the various wards on the late council was as follows:

Baron's Court	6 MRs
Lillie	6 Labour
Walham	3 "
Sands End	6 "
Margravine	3 "
Munster	6 "
Town	3 MRs
Hurlingham	3 "

The MRs and Labour have three Aldermen each. The three MRs retire this year but Aldermen Sainsbury and Evans are not seeking re-election. The three Labour aldermen (Aldermen Gentry, Palmer and Terry) have another three years to serve of the six years for which they are elected.

Result of the poll: sweeping victory for Municipal Reform, Labour's astounding collapse

The votes were counted at the Town Hall on Wednesday evening and shortly after midnight the Returning Officer (Mr J.P. Shuter) declared the result.

Mr J.W. Banfield, the leader of the Labour Party, was prevented from attending by reason of ill health, but Sir H.G. Norris was present and took a keen interest in the proceedings. Mr G.A. Fleche was also present.

Mr W.R. Corbin, as the candidate polling the highest number of votes, proposed the customary vote of thanks to the Returning Officer and the staff who had assisted at the count. It was carried with acclamation and Mr Shuter suitably acknowledged the compliment.

Fulham Chronicle
Friday November 3, 1922

Editorial

The most pessimistic of the Labour Party in Fulham was hardly prepared for the overwhelming defeat which overcame their forces in the Borough Council election on Wednesday.

The result practically annihilated them for, with the exception of Aldermen Gentry, Palmer and Terry - who have another three years to serve - will have no representatives on the new council.

The whole of their candidates on Wednesday were defeated heavily, and the same can be said of the non-party candidates and the Progressives.

The victory of the Municipal Reformers, so complete and crushing, marks the return to their former ascendancy on the Borough Council, and shows that when they make up their mind to organise their forces, they can practically do as they wish in the political representation of the borough, at any rate while the more extreme section of the electors, Labour and Liberal, are running in separate camps. The lesson of the contests is that these two parties will probably merge in time to come, for it is obvious that there is little room for them as separate units.

Reading the election result given in another column one looks in vain for anything that can, by the greatest stretch of the imagination, be consoling for Labour.

Candidly, we were not prepared for such a landslide after the municipal achievements of Labour during the past three years, for the keenest partisan among the M.R.s must admit that Labour has been desperately in earnest, and shown considerable efficiency in the administration of the town's affairs.

They have, to their credit be it said, overhauled the public services and utilities, and while their opponents have sometimes charged them with a too close attention to the interests of their own class, their motive has honestly been for the well-being of the great mass of the community.

They came into power on a flood-tide and have receded on the ebb. Their power is not destroyed. In Fulham they will rally their shattered elements, and when the true perspective of the three parties is seen, there will no doubt be room for a healthy opposition - either Labour or advanced Progressives - on the Borough Council.

The highest number of votes polled by any candidate was in Munster ward, where Mr Corbin's popularity was shown in a vote of 3,427.

It is useless to make comparisons with the great Labour victory three years ago, as this election just closed starts a new era. It is the jumping-off place, and will stand as the standard for comparisons for the future.

Labour and M.R.s on the whole voted solidly, and it cannot be said that either the non-party candidates or the Progressives upset very seriously the great contest between these two. The defeat of Labour was so complete that it becomes futile to single out individuals for either comparison or commiseration, otherwise the personal records of some of the Labour leaders could be fittingly enlarged upon.

They have rendered good service to the town, and the ability shown by two or three who could be mentioned inspires the hop that the borough will not finally be deprived of their services as public men.

A conspicuous feature of the Borough Council contests in the creditable poll of the non-party candidates. It must not be forgotten that they were playing entirely off their own bat with no party organisation behind them.

If ever an election showed the value of party organisation, this one does. The M.R.s made desperate efforts towards the finish and their machine is in good trim for the bigger fight on November 15th [the general election].

One of the marvels of the Borough Council election was the excellent way the women voted. It is claimed as a women's victory in more than one ward, especially in Sands End. There the Progressives were a trifle disappointed, but by no means disheartened, seeing that the organisation work was started only a few months ago.

The West London Observer
Friday November 3, 1922

Hammersmith Council

Big victory for Alliance candidates

Dismal wet weather prevailed on Wednesday when polling took place for the election of 36 councillors to represent the borough of Hammersmith for the next three years.

In consequence of the pelting rain which fell in the morning, electors were slow in recording their votes, and business was very slack with the presiding officers and clerks at the various stations. Up to one o'clock, 250 voters had visited the Coverdale Road School, the polling station for St Stephen's ward, and only 69 had recorded their votes at the polling station for Starch Green ward up to 3 o'clock.

When the rain ceased, between five and six o'clock, there was an increase in the number of voters and between seven and eight o'clock there was a steady stream of electors to the polling stations, and outside of which some small crowds gathered, shouts of "Vote for Labour" being frequently uttered. In many cases husbands were accompanied by their wives.

There were contests in all the wards except Brook Green and St Matthew's. A full list of candidates in all the wards was supported by the Constitutional Ratepayers Alliance, a combination of delegates from the Ratepayers' Association, the Chamber of Commerce, the Municipal Reform and Progressive parties, and the British Legion. They were opposed in four of the wards by Labour nominees.

In St Stephen's ward there were three Alliance candidates and Mr A.R. Cracknell, an ex-councillor, stood as an independent for his old ward.

Besides the Alliance and Labour nominees three Liberals stood as independent candidates in the College Park and Latimer ward. It was the splitting of votes in this ward which probably led to the success of the three Labour nominees.

There was a large increase of voters in some of the wards as compared with the election in 1919. In the River ward the Mayor headed the poll a second time, with 1,586 votes; in 1919 he received 680 votes. In the Grove, St Stephen's and Wormholt wards double the number of voters went to polling stations as compared with three years ago, and Councillor E.S. Morris obtained top place in Starch Green ward with 952 more votes than recorded for Councillor Twitchett, who headed the poll in 1919.

Counting of votes

At the close of the poll the ballot boxes were conveyed to the Town Hall, where the counting of the votes was commenced about nine o'clock under the direction of Mr Leslie Gordon (the acting returning officer) who had Mr E.W. Francis as the chief assistant in carrying out the election arrangements.

There was a large attendance in the large hall, where the counting took place. Most of the candidates were present, and amongst those who attended were the Mayor (Councillor Marshall Hays), Sir William Bull, Sir Henry Foreman, Mr D. Cawdron LCC, Dra nd Mrs W.H, Burnhill, Mr Dan Chapman, Mrs Pickett, Mrs Poynter, Mr and Mrs L.O. Glenister, Mrs A. Atkinson, Mrs Stamper, Mrs Bance, Messrs A.E. Hibberd, A. Ellenden, Dawson, H. Larkin, Rider H.P. Noakes, C.A. Pascall, W.F. Davies, F. Henes, J. Lamb, C.J. Guy, Wade S. Ross, A.S. Leggett, W.I. Baxter, O. Dixon etc.

There was a crowded attendance in the gallery, amongst the occupants being supporters of the Labour candidates. Round the clock dial were displayed Labour cards and leaflets.

The counting of votes for St Stephen's ward, where there were only four candidates for the three vacancies, was first finished and shortly afterwards counting was completed for College Park.

In arriving at the results for the other wards, of course, more time had to be occupied. The occupants of the gallery began to get impatient as time went on and there was occasional shouting. At twenty minutes to one someone in the gallery started to whistle "The Red Flag" but the effort was a feeble one.

Hearty cheers were raised in the body of the hall at each announcement of the successes of the Constitutional Ratepayers' Alliance candidates, whilst occupants of the gallery booed and hissed. A big cheer went up in the gallery when the victory of the three Labour candidates in the College Park ward was made known. The cheering continued for some time.

Councillor C. Pascall, one of the newly elected members for the River ward, got upon a table to propose a vote of thanks to the Town Clerk and his staff, but owing to the uproar which prevailed his remarks could only be heard by those standing in his immediate vicinity.

Councillor Pascall said he wished to move a hearty vote of thanks to the Town Clerk and his assistants for the energetic way they had carried out the election. Hammersmith, he said, had spoken in no uncertain voice that it was against insane schemes and in favour of sound economy.

Councillor H.T. Johnson also proposed a vote of thanks to the Town Clerk, Mr Leslie Gordon, and his staff, for the efficient manner in which they had carried out their duties in relation to this record poll.

He also, on behalf of the Alliance, thanked the electors who had polled in such splendid numbers on that inclement day. He was optimistic that the result would be the better administration of the affairs of the borough free from party wire-pulling and backstairs cliqueism.

Some quietness amongst persons in the gallery was obtained when Mr J.T. Westcott took up a position on a table to second the resolution, as representing the Labour movement as far as the Borough Council was concerned. With the exception of the magnificent victory in College Park the electors who had voted had said they did not want them. He wanted to say this to those fond of poetry, in parodying Tennyson, that:

"Men may come and men may go,
But the cause goes on forever."

[Applause]

Councillor W. Church, one of the Labour members for College Park ward, said he had been asked by his comrades in College Park ward to support the vote of thanks. It gave him great pleasure to do so, because although there had been a smaller group of the Labour Party returned than three years ago, those who had been elected would do their best to carry out their duties. [Applause in the gallery].

He was going to remind his friends to the right and left that they might have to look for some surprise in the next election. He referred to the coming general election and concluded by quoting lines from Rudyard Kipling's "If".

The motion having been adopted, Mr Leslie Gordon, the Town Clerk, in replying, thanked Councillor Pascall and ex-Councillor Westcott for proposing and seconding the vote of thanks, and Councillor Church for supporting it.

Considering the unfavourable weather electors had done well in recording their votes. Taking the average throughout the borough the percentage of electors who had voted was 34.3. The highest percentage of electors who had voted was 37.8; three years ago the percentage was 29.6.

He was very much obliged to the candidates and agents for their courtesy. He wished particularly to mention Mr Francis, who had been his right hand in the election work. He also thanked the policemen who had gallantly stood outside the polling stations waiting for the electors to record their votes. [Applause].

State of the parties

The result of the elections is that 33 Alliance candidates have been returned and 3 Labour nominees.

West London Observer
Friday November 3, 1922

Editorial

The municipal elections are over and the anticipated has happened, not merely locally but throughout the whole of the Metropolis. With the exception of two East End boroughs, Woolwich and Poplar - where something like fifty percent of the people have State or rate-aid in some form or other - the Socialists have been swept from office.

Despite an unfavourable day from a weather standpoint, which prevented many from going to the poll, the ratepayers turned out in sufficient numbers to take command of the situation, with the result that the spendthrifts have been kicked out lock, stock and barrel.

The reasons for this - or some of them - are obvious. Not only were the people tired of having in power men of extreme views and very little administrative ability, but they had also "got the wind up" over the Socialist programme for making a levy on capital and for waging war on private enterprise.

Even the people whom the Socialists proposed to benefit from these schemes, should the electors in a fit of insanity entrust them to power, were genuinely alarmed at the project, and promptly gave their answer to these wildest proposals which, if adopted, would mean less employment and lower wages.

Another factor in the defeat of the extremists, which many would perhaps overlook, is the fact that nowadays practically ever rent-payer is also a ratepayer. Since the passing of the Increase of Rent Restrictions Act, any increase in the Rate over that of 1914 has been passed on to the tenant. Thousands of people before that had little or no interest in Rates, and were almost unconscious of the fact that Rates affected the amount of rent to be paid. They are under no such illusions now.

When the Rates go up there is an automatic addition to the amount due to the landlord, who only acts as collector for the Borough Council. The landlord therefore does not now incur the odium for any increase of rate because it has to be clearly stated on the rent book what proportion of the weekly charge is in respect of rate increases as compared with the last pre-war half year.

This statement on every rent book has brought home to the people, as nothing else perhaps could have done, the importance of every householder or flat dweller taking an interest in the election of those councillors who have to make the rate, and on whose administration much depends as to whether rates are to advance still further or be reduced.

The intervention of the indirect ratepayer in elections has produced results which the extreme men and the spendthrifts little dreamed of.

Clean sweep at Fulham

In Fulham the Borough Council has been completely transformed, the Labour-Socialists losing the whole of the twenty-three seats held on the old council, on which they had a substantial majority.

We expected to see them defeated but hardly anticipated that the debacle would be so complete. Not a single Labour councillor survives to tell the tale, the Municipal Reformers capturing the whole of the seats, thus repeating their performance of some fifteen years back.

We must, however, confess to a certain amount of disappointment at the seats on the Borough Council being all occupied by men of the same party. It is not good that any one party should have the whole of the seats and their opponents none at all. We look forward to the day when a system of proportional representation will be in force, which is the only true expression of the voice of the people. Until that day arrives, the election result can never be truly democratic.

It is obviously unfair that Labour should have no elected representative on the Fulham Council despite the fairly large number of total votes polled. Nor is it right that the Progressives, though their candidates were few in number, should have no representation, through being squeezed out of existence in the fight between Municipal Reform and Socialism.

The local Progressives would have been wise to enter into an alliance with the Municipal Reformers, between whom there is very little difference nowadays, and they are paying for their folly.

Kensington was one of the few boroughs where Labour gained a seat, but in the Royal Borough the Municipal Reformers held fifty-three out of sixty seats, so one Labour councillor makes very little difference, and after all it is only right that the working classes in North Kensington should have some representation.

If only the Labour Party could be separated from the Socialists, many would be glad to see them given more representation, but it is fear of the extremists that keeps the people from returning them to power. Acton, just outside the London county area, also had its election, as a new Middlesex county borough, and here too Labour only won three seats against seven Anti Waste candidates, the victors having four-figure majorities. Labour, which a few years ago had half the representation on the Acton Council, now only has seven seats out of thirty-two.

Ratepayers' big win

The Hammersmith ratepayers responded splendidly to the efforts made to interest them in their own local government, and have set an example to the rest of London by returning a majority elected without regard to political party.

The Ratepayers' Constitutional Alliance carried the day ins even out of eight wards, and won thirty-three seats out of a total of thirty-six - a splendid achievement, upon which we congratulate all concerned.

Labour lost no fewer than ten seats, and might have lost the only three it holds but for a split vote caused by a third set of independent candidates all holding practically the same views municipally as the Alliance nominees.

That shows clearly what might have happened elsewhere but for the spirit of unity which prevailed in face of the extremists. A feature of the contests was the big majorities by which the Ratepayers' candidates were elected, running into four figures in quite a number of cases.

That is a clear indication of the power the ratepayers possess if they only unite in self-defence. Although we are glad to see the Ratepayers' Alliance carry the day so decisively, there are a few moderate men amongst the defeated Labour councillors whom we shall be sorry to see missing from the Town Hall. What a pity it is that these Labour moderates commit municipal suicide by allying themselves to the extreme Socialists.

Let it not be supposed, however, that the working classes will be unrepresented. The situation is different in Hammersmith to what it is in Fulham, where the election was conducted on party lines.

There are many men in the Ratepayers' majority who have the welfare of the workers at heart, and who are as much entitled to speak for them as organised Labour.

The affairs of the borough are now to be conducted on strictly non-party lines, and we have every reason to believe that the newly elected members will administer the affairs of the council on business lines.

There is plenty of room for improvement, with a rate of sevenpence in the £ higher than in Fulham, and we expect the new councillors to pay special regard to economy, and run the borough at as low a cost as possible consistent with the efficient carrying-out of the various Acts of Parliament which affect the welfare of the people.

If the new councillors only bear in mind throughout the next three years their election pledges, and act accordingly, all will be well. Where all have done so well at the poll it would be invidious to individualism. On behalf of the ratepayers, for whom we have played a not insignificant part in organising victory, and for whom, therefore, we claim the title to speak, we heartily congratulate the new councillors and wish them well in the discharge of their duties during the next triennium.

Fulham Borough

Baron's Court

1922 electorate %turnout		5,385	41.8	
***Thomas A. Beckett**	**MR**	**2,049**	**94.3**	
***Frederick R. Flew**	**MR**	**2,038**	**93.8**	
Frank Holmes	**MR**	**2,019**	**92.9**	
Frederick J. Bellenger	**MR**	**2,009**	**92.5**	
***George L. Hodge**	**MR**	**1,998**	**92.0**	
***John F. Panes**	**MR**	**1,994**	**91.8**	
Ernest M. Cooper	Lab	173	8.0	
John S.E. Marsh	Lab	154	7.1	
George M. McCabe	Lab	138	6.3	
swing incalculable	Maj	1,876	86.3 ●	
		1,865	85.8 ●	
		1,846	84.9 ●	
		1,836	84.5 ●	
		1,825	84.0 ●	
		1,821	83.8 ●	

Hurlingham

1922 electorate %turnout		4,329	46.1	+16.7
***Edward H. Pritchard**	**MR**	**1,451**	**74.9**	**+24.6**
***William S. Brooks**	**MR**	**1,420**	**73.3**	**+24.0**
***James M. Littleboy**	**MR**	**1,419**	**73.2**	**+24.2**
George W. Patterson	Lab	522	26.9	- 8.9
Walter J.T. Aylott	Lab	520	26.8	- 7.0
William O'Dowd	Lab	480	24.8	- 7.9
16.1% swing Lab to MR	Maj	929	48.0 ●	
		898	46.4 ●	
		897	46.3 ●	

Lillie

GAIN 6

1922 electorate %turnout		10,404	30.7	+ 4.9
Frederick H. Barber	**MR**	**1,887**	**62.7**	**+19.9**
Harry Booth	**MR**	**1,827**	**60.7**	**+19.3**
Thomas A. Speed	**MR**	**1,784**	**59.3**	**+18.4**
Stephen Farley	**MR**	**1,780**	**59.1**	**+18.7**
Emanuel Gompers	**MR**	**1,697**	**56.4**	**+16.3**
Victor L. Franzini	**MR**	**1,694**	**56.3**	**+17.1**
Frederick J. Bird	Lab	1,290	42.9	- 17.2
*Alice Gilliatt	Lab	1,241	41.2	- 18.5
William Fern	Lab	1,232	40.9	- 18.7
*Louis A. Hill	Lab	1,224	40.7	- 18.5
William T.James	Lab	1,208	40.1	- 19.1
Thomas W. Oakley	Lab	1,193	39.6	- 19.3
18.5% swing Lab to MR	Maj	597	19.8 ●	
		537	17.8 ●	
		494	16.4 ●	
		490	16.2 ●	
		407	13.5 ●	
		404	13.4 ●	

Margravine

GAIN 3

1922 electorate %turnout		7,445	30.5	+ 8.4
Arthur Cook	**MR**	**1,237**	**56.7**	**+17.5**
Francis H. Crowne	**MR**	**1,210**	**55.5**	**+17.1**
Henry J. Todd	**MR**	**1,164**	**53.4**	**+17.5**
*William J. Banfield	Lab	1,005	46.1	- 18.6
James Prouse	Lab	988	45.3	- 17.0
Christopher Lancaster	Lab	940	43.1	- 16.4
17.4% swing Lab to MR	Maj	232	10.4 ●	
		205	9.4 ●	
		159	7.3 ●	

Munster

GAIN 6

1922 electorate %turnout		16,479	35.3	+11.0
William R. Corbin	**MR**	**3,437**	**61.9**	**+25.8**
William Fowell	**MR**	**3.354**	**60.4**	**+26.6**
William A. White	**MR**	**3,298**	**59.4**	**+25.8**
Albert G. Everard	**MR**	**3,289**	**59.2**	**+26.8**
William Wilcox	**MR**	**3,257**	**58.6**	**+27.7**
Richard J. Kelly	**MR**	**3,243**	**58.4**	**+27.9**
*David Goodwill	Lab	2,298	41.4	- 10.8
*Jeremiah O'Brien	Lab	2,283	41.1	- 7.9
George A. Lineham	Lab	2,268	40.8	- 6.9
*Lily M. Lineham	Lab	2,241	40.3	- 7.3
*Owen R.H. Waghorn	Lab	2,182	39.3	- 7.5
*John Lewis	Lab	2,176	39.2	- 7.1
17.4% swing Lab to MR	Maj	1,139	20.5 ●	
		1,056	19.0 ●	
		1,000	18.0 ●	
		991	17.8 ●	
		959	17.2 ●	
		945	17.0 ●	

Town

1922 electorate %turnout		6,508	42.7	+19.7
***Arthur Andrews**	**MR**	**2,191**	**81.7**	**+17.6**
***George F. Clark**	**MR**	**2,100**	**78.3**	**+16.4**
***George W. Peachey**	**MR**	**2,028**	**75.6**	**+18.9**
Mark Burke	Lab	601	22.4	
Alfred E. Edmonds	Lab	563	21.0	
Arthur Murphy	Lab	560	20.9	
swing incalculable	Maj	1,590	59.3 ●	
		1,499	55.9 ●	
		1,427	53.2 ●	

Sands End

GAIN 6

1922 electorate %turnout		11,049	47.1	+18.4
Donald S. Van Den Bergh	**MR**	**2,358**	**43.2**	**+12.0**
William J. Clarke	**MR**	**2,232**	**40.9**	**+13.4**
Ernest M. Pratt	**MR**	**2,212**	**40.5**	**+13.1**
Stanley J. Malpass	**MR**	**2,173**	**39.8**	**+13.4**
Albert Baggs	**MR**	**2,141**	**39.2**	**+13.0**
Alfred Gantlett	**MR**	**2,109**	**38.6**	**+12.5**
*John A. Groves	Lab	1,959	35.9	- 19.9
*Joseph Hayward	Lab	1,941	35.6	- 16.9
*Joseph C. Dickinson	Lab	1,909	35.0	- 17.5
*Thomas M. Cox	Lab	1,858	34.0	- 18.4
John J. Membery	Lab	1,796	32.9	- 19.2
William T. Westfallen	Lab	1,755	32.2	- 17.6
William R. Sayers	Prog	836	15.3	- 7.0
John Bedwell	Prog	757	13.9	- 6.7
John H. Palmer	Prog	742	13.6	- 6.6
Duncan M. Cox	Prog	707	13.0	- 6.5
George R. Renton	Ind	665	12.2	
Walter Snelling	Prog	637	11.7	- 7.5
William N. Moon	Prog	636	11.7	- 6.6
15.5% swing Lab to MR	Maj	399	7.3	
		273	5.0	
		253	4.6	
		214	3.9	
		182	3.3	
		150	2.7	

Walham

GAIN 3

1922 electorate %turnout		5,455	34.5	+ 9.2
Edward R. Armfield	**MR**	**858**	**46.4**	**+11.7**
Charles Harwood	**MR**	**814**	**44.0**	**+10.8**
Isaac Jacobs	**MR**	**759**	**41.1**	**+ 9.4**
*John M. Browning	Lab	568	30.7	- 9.3
Violet E. Turner	Lab	554	30.0	- 7.4
Thomas E. Penfold	Lab	553	29.9	- 6.5
James Turney	Ind	517	27.7	
Catherine Fulford	Ind	443	24.0	
9.15% swing Lab to MR	Maj	290	15.7	
		246	13.3	
		191	10.4	

Hammersmith Borough

Brook Green and St Matthew's

GAIN 6

1922 electorate %turnout		10,062	-
Richard Bevan	**C Rate**	**Unop**	
Patrick J. Grey	**C Rate**	**Unop**	
Thomas Irons	**C Rate**	**Unop**	
Frederick A. Ratcliffe	**C Rate**	**Unop**	
Edward J.B. Spearing	**C Rate**	**Unop**	
Joseph E. Woolerton	**C Rate**	**Unop**	
swing incalculable	Maj	incalculable	

College Park and Latimer

GAIN 3

1922 electorate %turnout		4,600	29.9
Wilfred Turney	**Lab**	**592**	**45.4**
William H. Church	**Lab**	**588**	**45.1**
Edward E. Woods	**Lab**	**584**	**44.8**
*Charles Moore	C Rate	521	40.0
William E. Booker	C Rate	441	33.8
William J. Johnson	C Rate	405	31.1
William J. Squire	Ind	268	20.6
Arthur R. Cracknell	Ind	262	20.1
George Sexton	Ind	251	19.2
swing incalculable	Maj	71	5.4
		67	5.1
		63	4.8

River

GAIN 6

1922 electorate %turnout		8.707	26.3	- 3.8
***Marshall Hays**	**C Rate**	**1,596**	**76.8**	
***Henry T. Johnson**	**C Rate**	**1,517**	**73.0**	
Arthur Atkinson	**C Rate**	**1,469**	**70.7**	
***Charles Pascall**	**C Rate**	**1,447**	**69.6**	
Bertie J. Samels	**C Rate**	**1,413**	**68.0**	
William South	**C Rate**	**1,373**	**66.1**	
Charles T. Barrett	Lab	671	32.3	
Gertrude Mallinson	Lab	657	31.6	
William E.G. Lavers	Lab	590	28.4	
Thomas Raymond	Lab	581	28.0	
Thomas E. Theil	Lab	579	27.9	
William J. Way	Lab	573	27.6	
swing incalculable	Maj	925	44.5	
		846	40.7	
		798	38.4	
		776	37.3	
		742	35.7	
		702	33.8	

The Grove and Ravenscourt

GAIN 6

1922 electorate %turnout		9,744	33.6
Henry Ainsworth	**C Rate**	**2,270**	**72.3**
***James Chamberlen**	**C Rate**	**2,222**	**70.8**
Walter Cunningham	**C Rate**	**2,148**	**68.4**
Charles Johnson	**C Rate**	**2,124**	**67.7**
***William P. Waters**	**C Rate**	**2,111**	**67.2**
Patrick D. Finn	**C Rate**	**2,058**	**65.5**
Walter Callow	Lab	1,031	32.8
Harry Chandler	Lab	1,015	32.3
*Wellington H. Harding	Lab	1,007	32.1
*John T. Westcott	Lab	1,002	31.9
Rochelle Townsend	Lab	939	29.9
Edward S. Shaw	Lab	911	29.0
swing incalculable	Maj	1,239	39.5
		1,191	38.0
		1,117	35.6
		1,093	34.9
		1,080	34.4
		1,027	32.7

St Stephen's

GAIN 3

1922 electorate %turnout		4,086	28.2
Frederick J. Hill	**C Rate**	**995**	**89.3**
William W. Poynter	**C Rate**	**985**	**88.4**
Elizabeth M. Davies	**C Rate**	**943**	**84.6**
Arthur R. Cracknell	Ind	207	18.6
swing incalculable	Maj	210	37.3
		178	31.6
		173	30.7

Wormholt

GAIN 6

1922 electorate %turnout		9,235	40.0
***John N. Claydon**	**C Rate**	**2,042**	**58.7**
***Edwin C. Jarvis**	**C Rate**	**1,964**	**56.4**
Alfred Gillham	**C Rate**	**1,917**	**55.1**
Gordon T.H. Stamper	**C Rate**	**1,832**	**52.7**
William H. Thomas	**C Rate**	**1,814**	**52.1**
John Rooke	**C Rate**	**1,798**	**51.7**
*Henry Harris	Lab	1,295	37.2
*William J. Bourne	Lab	1,292	37.1
Willie Barnett	Lab	1,291	37.1
Ernest E. Hughes	Lab	1,239	35.6
Laura C.L. Harris	Lab	1,232	35.4
Harry Jones	Lab	1,228	35.3
Frederick E. Everard	Ind	322	9.3
swing incalculable	Maj	747	21.5
		669	19.2
		622	17.9
		537	15.5
		519	14.9
		503	14.5

Starch Green

GAIN 6

1922 electorate %turnout		9,495	34.5
Edward S. Morris	**C Rate**	**2,092**	**69.7**
***Thomas C. Jones**	**C Rate**	**2,045**	**68.1**
Harry J. May	**C Rate**	**2,039**	**67.9**
John Morton	**C Rate**	**1,982**	**66.0**
Horace W. Durrant	**C Rate**	**1,979**	**65.9**
Robert W. Twitchett	**C Rate**	**1,928**	**64.2**
*Leonard Akehurst	Lab	1,039	34.6
David J. Davis	Lab	1,032	34.4
Charles F. Greengrass	Lab	998	33.2
Edith F. Lavers	Lab	964	32.1
Harry F. Hughes	Lab	962	32.0
Alfred I. Ellis	Lab	956	31.8
swing incalculable	Maj	1,053	35.1
		1,006	33.5
		1,000	33.3
		943	31.4
		940	31.3
		889	29.6

Summary of election results

Fulham	Date	Elec	%Poll	Mun Ref	Lab	Prog	Ind	Ind Prog
Baron's Court	01.11.22	5,385	41.8	92.9				
	01.11.19	4,818	-	Unop				
Hurlingham	01.11.22	4,329	46.1	73.8	26.2			
	01.11.19	4,172	29.4	49.5	34.1		16.4	
Lillie	01.11.22	10,404	30.7	59.1	40.9			
	01.11.19	9,886	25.8	40.6	59.4			
Margravine	01.11.22	7,445	30.5	55.2	44.8			
	01.11.19	6,927	22.1	37.8	62.2			
Munster	01.11.22	16,479	35.3	59.7	40.3			
	01.11.19	16,032	24.3	32.9	48.3	18.9		
Sands End	01.11.22	11,049	47.1	40.3	34.3	13.2	12.2	
	01.11.19	10,742	28.7	27.5	52.5	20.0		
Town	01.11.22	6,508	42.7	78.5	21.5			
	01.11.19	6,318	23.0	60.9				39.1
Walham	01.11.22	5,455	34.5	43.8	30.2		25.9	
	01.11.19	4,956	25.3	33.2	37.9	28.9		

Hammersmith	Date	Elec	%Poll	Mun Ref	Lab	Rate	Prog	Ind	NFDS
Brook Green and St Matthew's	01.11.22	10,062	-	Unop					
	01.11.19	8,115	30.9	44.2	25.8			34.2	
College Park and Latimer	01.11.22	4,600	29.9		45.1	34.9		20.0	
	01.11.19	3,974	17.4	50.9			49.1		
River	01.11.22	8,707	26.3	70.7	29.3				
	01.11.19	5,678	30.1	31.9	25.9		9.1		
St Stephen's	01.11.22	4,086	28.2			81.4		18.6	
	01.11.19	2,740	31.1	57.2	42.8				
Starch Green	01.11.22	9,495	34.5		33.0	67.0			
	01.11.19	8,258	31.2	33.6	46.7		19.8		
The Grove and Ravenscourt	01.11.22	9,744	33.6		31.3	68.7			
	01.11.19	8,070	25.8	42.1	39.4		18.5		
Wormholt	01.11.22	9,235	40.0		36.3	63.7			
	01.11.19	6,289	36.7	28.8	32.9		12.6		25.7

Councillors' majorities

Fulham

1.	Alfred Ganlett	Sands End	150	2.7
2.	Albert Baggs	Sands End	182	3.3
3.	Stanley Malpass	Sands End	214	3.9
4.	Ernest Pratt	Sands End	253	4.6
5.	William Clarke	Sands End	273	5.0
6.	Henry Todd	Margravine	159	7.3
7.	Donald Van Den Bergh	Sands End	399	7.3
8.	Frank Crowne	Margravine	205	9.4
9.	Isaac Jacobs	Walham	191	10.4
10.	Arthur Cook	Margravine	232	10.4
11.	Charles Harwood	Walham	246	13.3
12.	Victor Franzini	Lillie	404	13.4
13.	Emanuel Gompers	Lillie	407	13.5
14.	Edward Armfield	Walham	290	15.7
15.	Stephen Farley	Lillie	490	16.2
16.	Thomas Speed	Lillie	494	16.4
17.	Richard Kelly	Munster	945	17.0
18.	William Wilcox	Munster	959	17.2
19.	Harry Booth	Lillie	537	17.8
20.	Albert Everard	Munster	991	17.8
21.	William White	Munster	1,000	18.0
22.	William Fowell	Munster	1,056	19.0
23.	Fred Barber	Lillie	597	19.8
24.	William Corbin	Munster	1,139	20.5
25.	James Littleboy	Hurlingham	897	46.3
26.	William Brooks	Hurlingham	898	46.4
27.	Edward Pritchard	Hurlingham	929	48.0
28.	George Peachey	Town	1,427	53.2
29.	George Clark	Town	1,499	55.9
30.	Arthur Andrews	Town	1,590	59.3
31.	John Panes	Baron's Court	1,821	83.8
32.	George Hodge	Baron's Court	1,825	84.0
33.	Frederick Bellenger	Baron's Court	1,836	84.5
34.	Frank Holmes	Baron's Court	1,846	84.9
35.	Frederick Flew	Baron's Court	1,865	85.8
36.	Thomas Beckett	Baron's Court	1,876	86.3

Hammersmith

1.	Edward Woods	CP & Latimer	63	4.8
2.	William Church	CP & Latimer	67	5.1
3.	Wilfrid Turney	CP & Latimer	71	5.4
4.	John Rooke	Wormholt	503	14.5
5.	William Thomas	Wormholt	519	14.9
6.	Gordon Stamper	Wormholt	537	15.5
7.	Alfred Gillham	Wormholt	622	17.9
8.	Edwin Jarvis	Wormholt	669	19.2
9.	John Claydon	Wormholt	747	21.5
10.	Robert Twitchett	Starch Green	889	29.6
11.	Elizabeth Davis	St Stephen's	173	30.7
12.	Horace Durrant	Starch Green	940	31.3
13.	John Morton	Starch Green	943	31.4
14.	William Poynter	St Stephen's	178	31.6
15.	Patrick Finn	The Grove	1,027	32.7
16.	Harry May	Starch Green	1,000	33.3
17.	Thomas Jones	Starch Green	1,006	33.5
18.	William South	River	702	33.8
19.	William Waters	The Grove	1,080	34.4
20.	Charles Johnson	The Grove	1,093	34.9
21.	Edward Morris	Starch Green	1,053	35.1
22.	Walter Cunningham	The Grove	1,117	35.6
23.	Bertie Samels	River	742	35.7
24.	Frederick Hill	St Stephen's	210	37.3
25.	Charles Pascall	River	776	37.3
26.	James Chamberlen	The Grove	1,191	38.0
27.	Arthur Atkinson	River	798	38.4
28.	Henry Ainsworth	The Grove	1,239	39.5
29.	Henry Johnson	River	846	40.7
30.	Marshall Hays	River	925	44.5
31.	Richard Bevan	Brook Green	Unopposed	
32.	Patrick Grey	Brook Green	Unopposed	
33.	Thomas Irons	Brook Green	Unopposed	
34.	Frederick Ratcliffe	Brook Green	Unopposed	
35.	Edwin Spearing	Brook Green	Unopposed	
36.	Joseph Woolerton	Brook Green	Unopposed	

Breakdown of results: 1922

Shepherds Bush				C Rate	Mun Ref	Lab	Prog	Ind	NFDS	Total
1922	Electorate	27,416	Votes	5,650	0	0	2,926	3,723	0	12,299
	%Turnout	33.2	Votes%	45.9	0.0	0.0	23.8	30.3	0.0	100.0
	%Swing	incalculable	Councillors	15	0	0	3	0	0	18
			Candidates	18	0	0	15	5	0	38
1919	Electorate	21,261	Votes	0	1,121	2,251	2,249	0	747	6,368
	%Turnout	29.1	Votes%	0.0	17.6	35.3	35.3	0.0	11.7	99.9
			Councillors	0	2	5	10	0	1	18
			Candidates	0	11	17	15	0	6	49
			Change	-	-	-	- 11.5	-	-	

College Park and Latimer, St Stephen's, Starch Green, Wormholt

Hammersmith				C Rate	Mun Ref	Lab	Prog	Ind	Total
1922	Electorate	28,513	Votes	3,866	0	0	1,702	0	5,568
	%Turnout	30.0	Votes%	49.0	0.0	0.0	35.6	0.0	100.0
	%Swing	Incalculable	Councillors	17	0	0	4	0	21
			Candidates	21	0	0	21	0	49
1919	Electorate	21,863	Votes	0	627	2,406	2,045	1,465	6,543
	%Turnout	28.9	Votes%	0.0	9.6	36.8	31.3	22.4	100.1
			Councillors	0	0	14	3	1	18
			Candidates	0	12	14	14	7	47
			Change	-	-	-	+ 4.3	-	

Brook Green and St Matthew's, River, The Grove and Ravenscourt

North Fulham				Mun Ref	Lab	Prog	Ind	Total
1922	Electorate	39,713	Votes	8,610	2,630	863	438	6,400
	%Turnout	34.6	Votes%	38.6	41.1	13.5	6.8	100.0
	%Swing	7.45	Councillors	8	11	2	0	21
	Lab to MR		Candidates	21	18	9	6	54
1919	Electorate	37,663	Votes	2,862	4,252	841	0	7,955
	%Turnout	24.0	Votes%	36.0	53.4	10.6	0.0	100.0
			Councillors	6	15	0	0	21
			Candidates	21	15	6	0	42
			Change	+ 2.6	- 12.3	+ 2.9	-	

Baron's Court, Lillie, Margravine, Munster

South Fulham				Mun Ref	Lab	Prog	Ind	Ind Prog	Total
1922	Electorate	27,341	Votes	6,858	3,650	836	1,182	0	12,526
	%Turnout	42.6	Votes%	54.8	29.1	6.7	9.4	0.0	100.0
	%Swing	10.25	Councillors	15	0	0	0	0	15
	Lab to MR		Candidates	15	15	6	3	0	39
1919	Electorate	26,188	Votes	2,927	2,545	1,009	211	589	7,281
	%Turnout	26.6	Votes%	40.2	35.0	13.8	2.9	8.1	100.0
			Councillors	6	0	0	0	0	15
			Candidates	15	12	9	1	1	38
			Change	+ 14.6	- 5.9	- 7.1	+ 6.5	-	

Hurlingham, Sands End, Town, Walham

By-elections: 1922-1925

Fulham Borough

Baron's Court

Saturday 3 December 1922

Disqualification of Cllr Thomas Cooper, Municipal Reform

No change

Hubert O. Bowden	**MR**	**Unopposed**		

Hurlingham

Saturday 3 December 1922

Disqualification of Cllr Thomas Cooper, Municipal Reform

No change

1922 electorate %turnout

Frederick J.Shaw	**MR**	**1,061**	**74.6**	**+ 0.8**
Louis A. Hill	Lab	361	25.4	- 0.8
0.8% swing Lab to MR	Maj	700	49.2	

Town

Saturday 5 May 1923

Death of Cllr Arthur Andrews, Municipal Reform

No change

1923 electorate %turnout

Cornelius De Coster	**MR**	**1,294**	**85.0**	**+ 6.5**
Mark Burke	Lab	228	15.0	- 6.5
6.5% swing Lab to MR	Maj	1,066	70.0	

Town

Saturday 27 October 1923

Death of Cllr Cornelius De Coster, Municipal Reform

No change

1923 electorate %turnout

Joseph H. Meyer	**MR**	**920**	**57.8**	**- 20.7**
Walter Betts	Ind	671	42.2	
swing incalculable	Maj			

Baron's Court

Thursday 25 January 1923

Resignation of Cllr John Panes, Municipal Reform

No change

Harriet A. Packer	**MR**	**Unopposed**		

Walham

Monday 6 April 1925

resignation of Cllr Isaac Jacobs, Municipal Reform

No change

1925 electorate %turnout

Alfred Davis	**MR**	**685**	**58.1**	**+14.3**
John M. Browning	Lab	494	40.9	+10.7
1.8% swing Lab to MR	Maj	191	17.2	

Sands End

GAIN 2

Monday 6 April 1925

resignations of Cllrs Alfred Ganlett and Stanley Malpas, both Municipal Reform

Labour gain two

1925 electorate %turnout

John A. Groves	**Lab**	**1,251**	**55.4**	**+21.1**
Louis A. Hill	**Lab**	**1,201**	**53.1**	**+19.8**
William M. Redfearn	MR	1,041	46.1	+ 5.8
Arthur Minute	MR	1,027	45.5	+ 5.2
7.3% swing MR to Lab	Maj	210	9.3	
		160	7.0	

Hammersmith Borough

River

Thursday 25 January 1923

Elevation to Alderman of Cllr Marshall Hays, Municipal Reform

No change

1923 electorate %turnout

John R. Bedford	**MR**	**677**	**47.2**	**- 23.5**
John T. Westcott	Lab	552	38.5	+ 9.2
William E. Booker	C Rate	204	14.2	
16.35% swing MR to Lab	Maj	125	8.7	

The Grove and Ravenscourt

Saturday 30 June 1923

Death of Cllr Patrick Finn, Municipal Reform

No change

1923 electorate %turnout

James F. Fletcher	**MR**	**982**	**55.4**	
John T. Westcott	Lab	765	43.2	+11.9
Andrew McCrae	Ind	25	1.4	
swing incalculable	Maj	217	12.2	